

MOSFET

OptiMOS™ 3 Power-Transistor, 100 V

Features

- Very low gate charge for high frequency applications
- Optimized for dc-dc conversion
- N-channel, normal level
- Excellent gate charge x $R_{DS(on)}$ product (FOM)
- Very low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$
- 150 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target application
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21

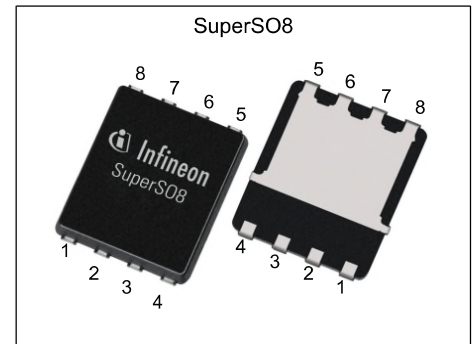
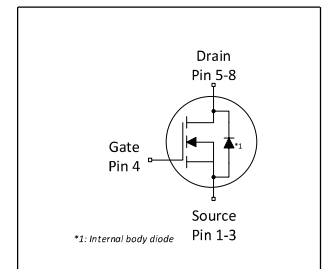


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DS}	100	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	6.0	mΩ
I_D	105	A



RoHS

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
BSC060N10NS3 G	PG-TDSON-8	060N10NS	-

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

Table of Contents

Description	1
Maximum ratings	3
Thermal characteristics	3
Electrical characteristics	4
Electrical characteristics diagrams	6
Package Outlines	10
Revision History	12
Trademarks	12
Disclaimer	12

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_A=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	105 66 14.9	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$ $T_C=100\text{ °C}$ $T_A=25\text{ °C}, R_{thJA}=50\text{ K/W}^2)$
Pulsed drain current ³⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	420	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	230	mJ	$I_D=50\text{ A}, R_{GS}=25\text{ }\Omega$
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	-
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	125	W	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-55	-	150	°C	IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1: 55/150/56

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	1.0	K/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, minimal footprint	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	K/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient, 6 cm ² cooling area ²⁾	R_{thJA}	-	-	50	K/W	-

¹⁾ Rating refers to the product only with datasheet specified absolute maximum values, maintaining case temperature as specified. For other case temperatures please refer to Diagram 2. De-rating will be required based on the actual environmental conditions.

²⁾ Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

³⁾ see Diagram 3

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	100	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $I_D=1\text{ mA}$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	2.0	2.7	3.5	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=90\text{ }\mu\text{A}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	0.01 10	1.0 100	μA	$V_{DS}=100\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ $V_{DS}=100\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=125\text{ °C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	1.0	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	5.3 6.6	6.0 11.5	$\text{m}\Omega$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=50\text{ A}$ $V_{GS}=6\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	1.6	-	Ω	-
Transconductance	g_{fs}	43	85	-	S	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D /R_{DS(on)max}$, $I_D=50\text{ A}$

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance ¹⁾	C_{iss}	-	3700	4900	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=50\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Output capacitance ¹⁾	C_{oss}	-	650	860	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=50\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{riss}	-	25	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS}=50\text{ V}$, $f=1\text{ MHz}$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	20	-	ns	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $R_G=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Rise time	t_r	-	16	-	ns	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $R_G=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	45	-	ns	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $R_G=1.6\text{ }\Omega$
Fall time	t_f	-	12	-	ns	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $R_G=1.6\text{ }\Omega$

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics²⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	15	-	nC	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	9	-	nC	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Switching charge	Q_{sw}	-	13	-	nC	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate charge total ¹⁾	Q_g	-	51	68	nC	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	4.2	-	V	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $I_D=25\text{ A}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$
Output charge ¹⁾	Q_{oss}	-	68	91	nC	$V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$

¹⁾ Defined by design. Not subject to production test

²⁾ See "Gate charge waveforms" for parameter definition

Table 7 Reverse diode

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode continuous forward current	I_S	-	-	90	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	420	A	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.87	1.2	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=50\text{ A}, T_j=25\text{ °C}$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	61	-	ns	$V_R=50\text{ V}, I_F=25\text{ A}, di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	109	-	nC	$V_R=50\text{ V}, I_F=25\text{ A}, di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

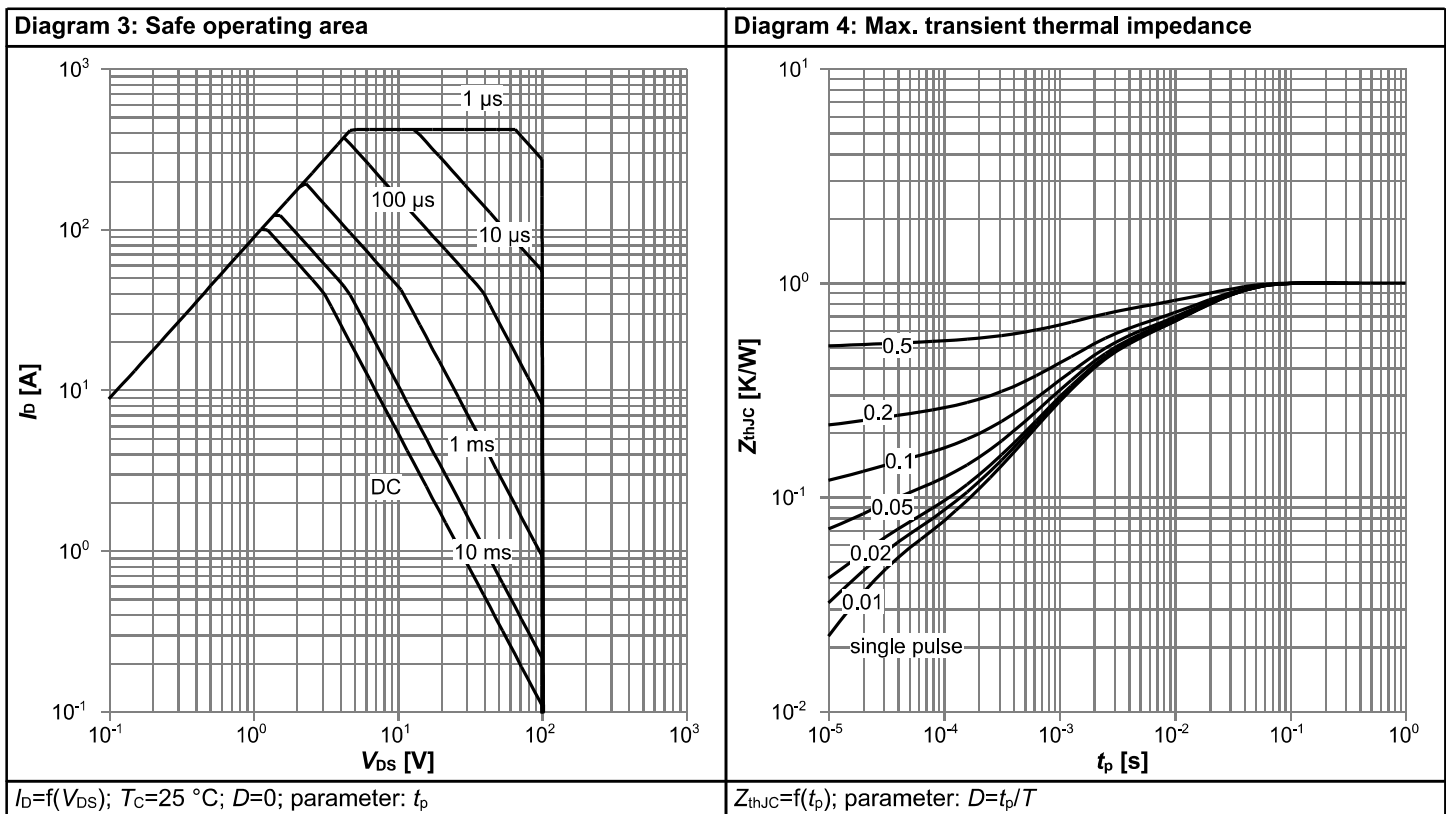
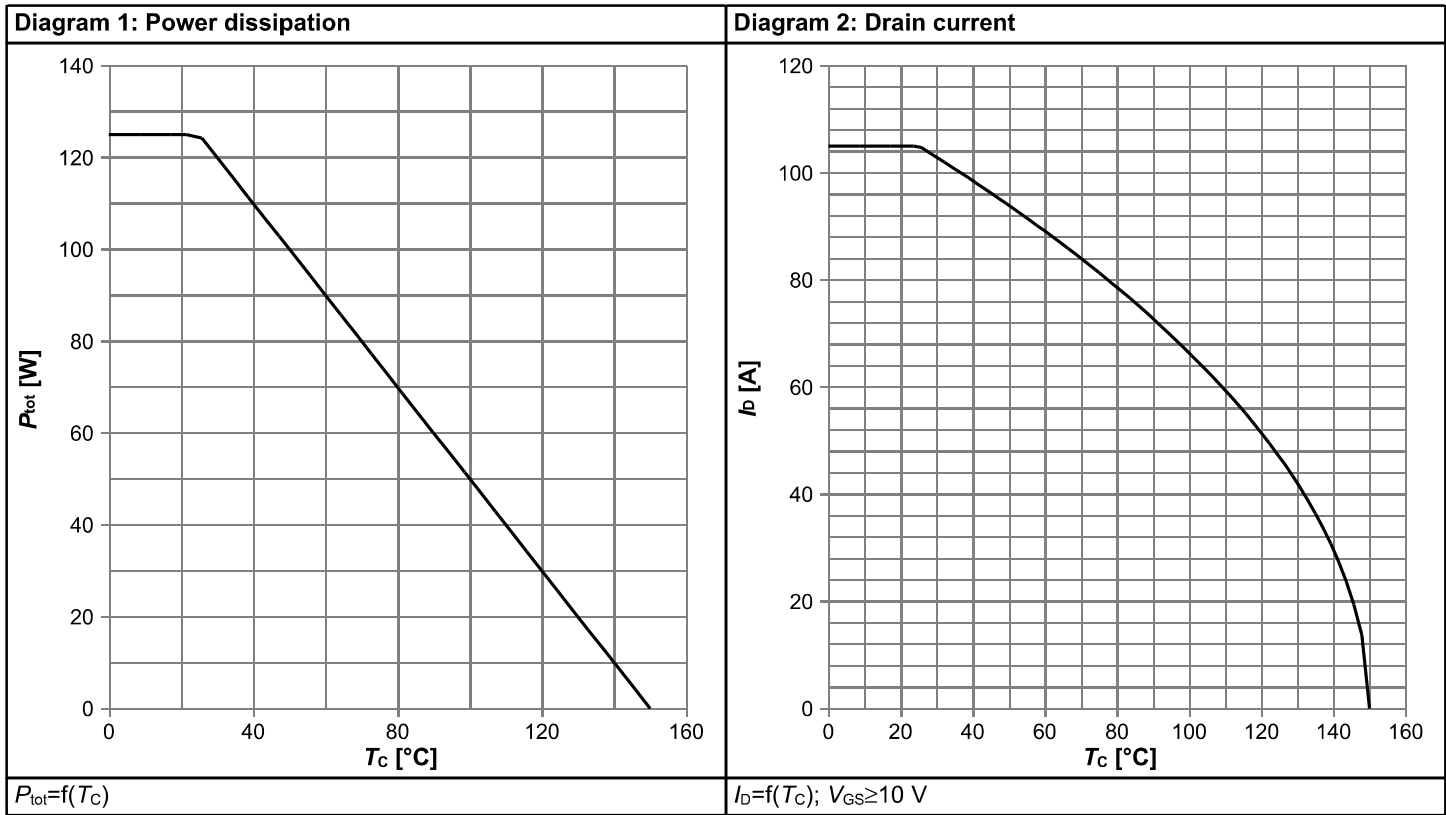
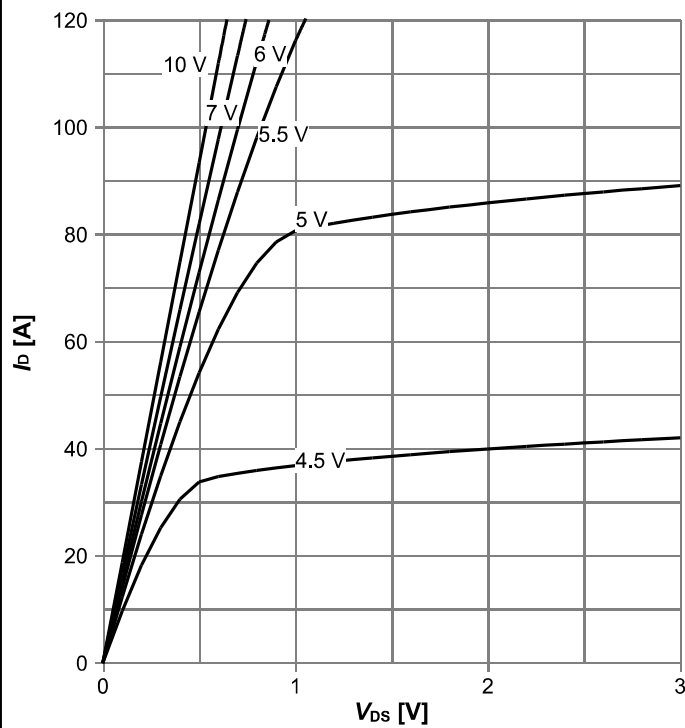
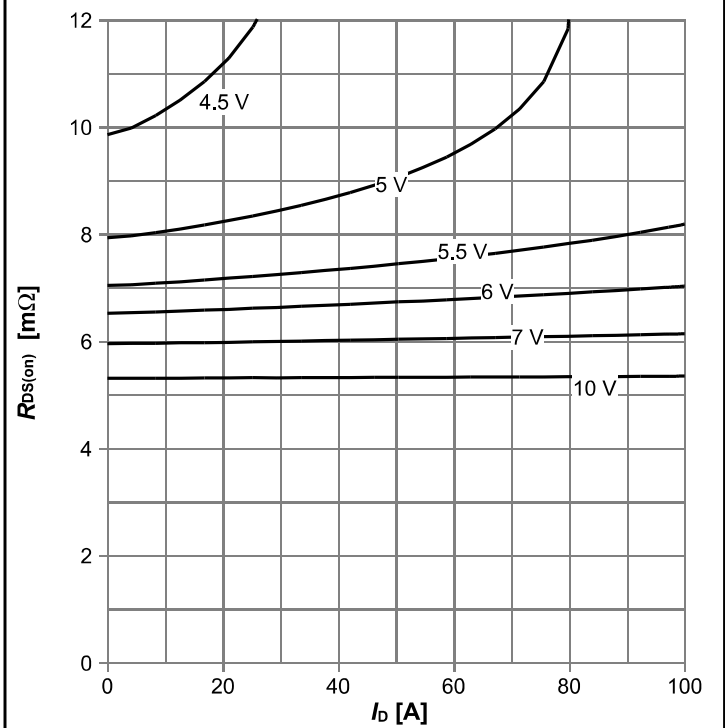


Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



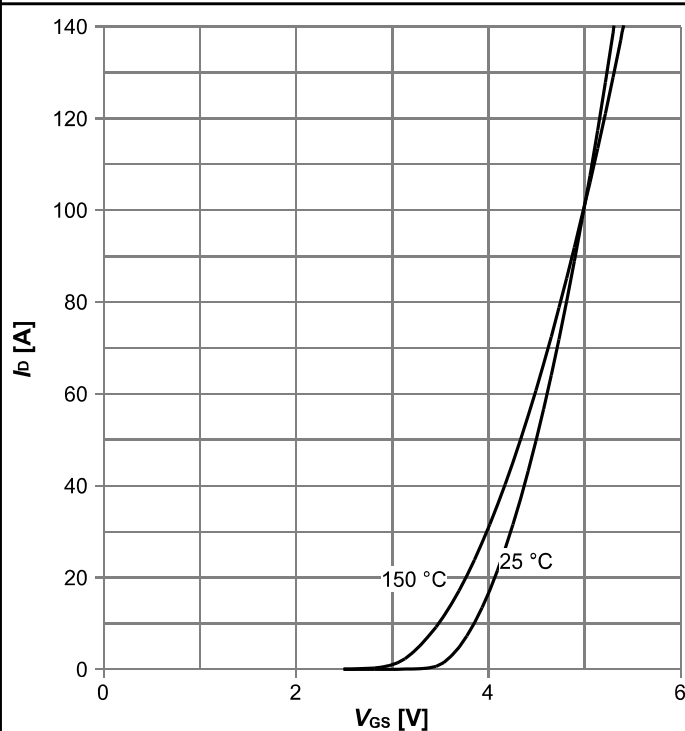
$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. drain-source on resistance



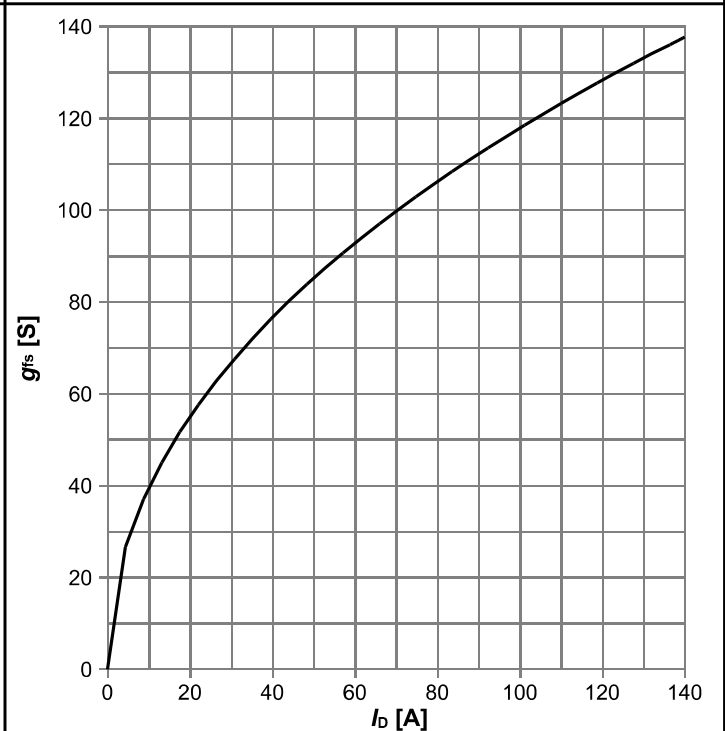
$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D); T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C};$ parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. transfer characteristics



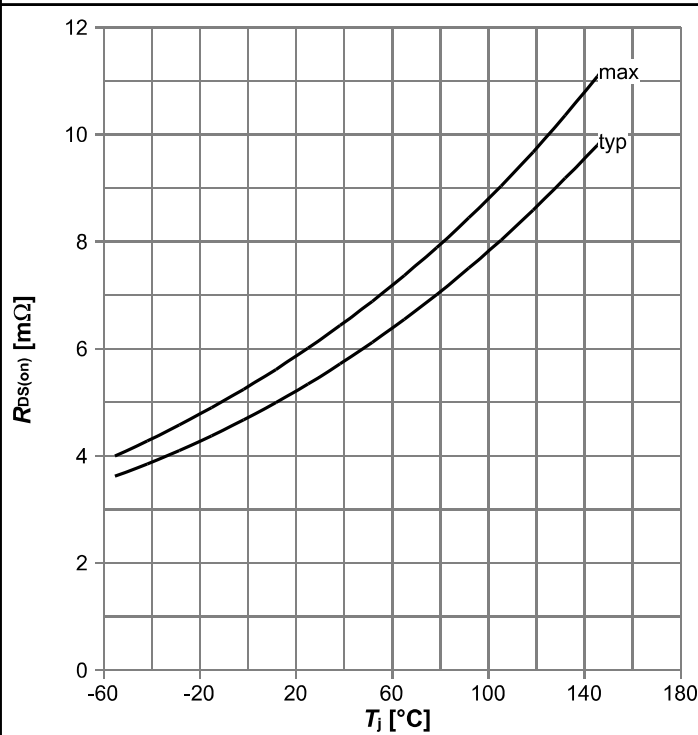
$I_D=f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}|>2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max};$ parameter: T_J

Diagram 8: Typ. forward transconductance



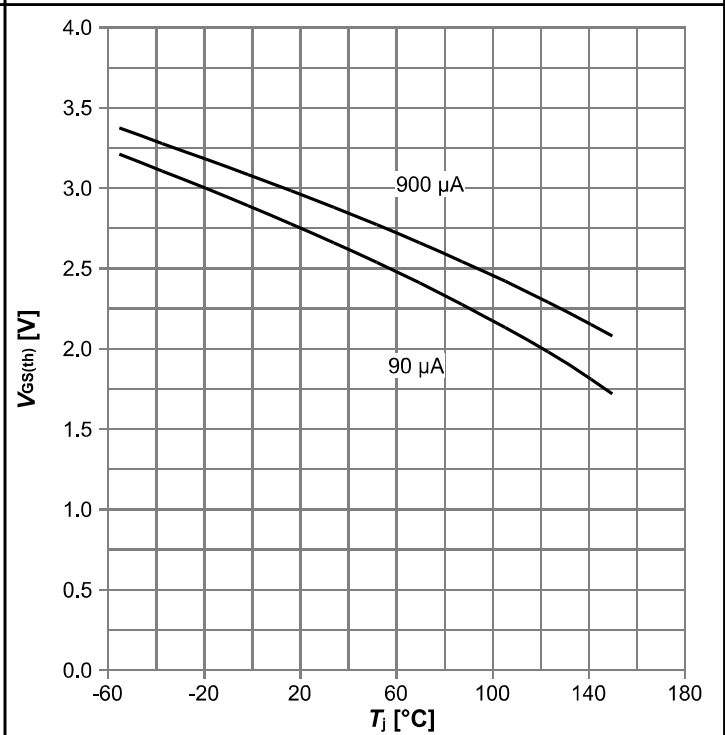
$g_{fs}=f(I_D); T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Diagram 9: Drain-source on-state resistance



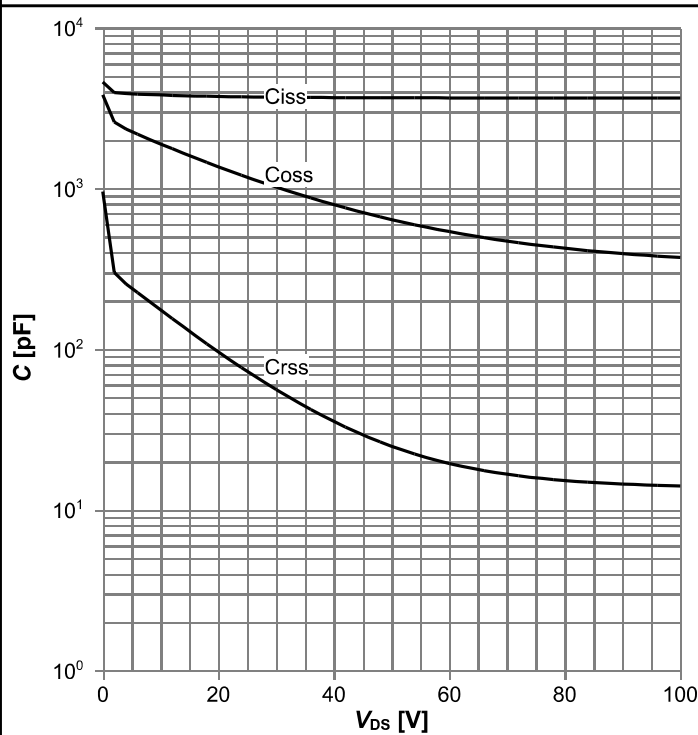
$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; $I_D=50\text{ A}$; $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$

Diagram 10: Typ. gate threshold voltage



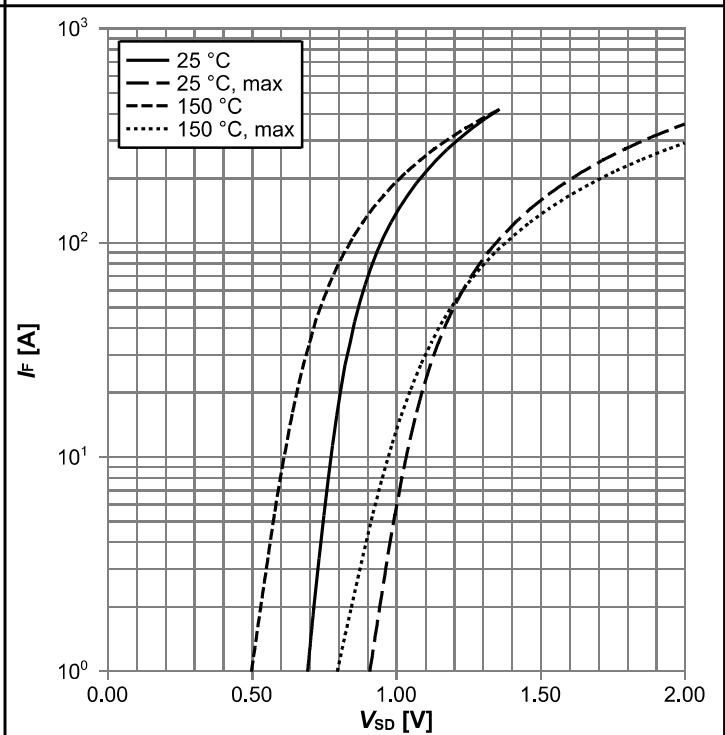
$V_{GS(th)}=f(T_j)$; $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$; parameter: I_b

Diagram 11: Typ. capacitances



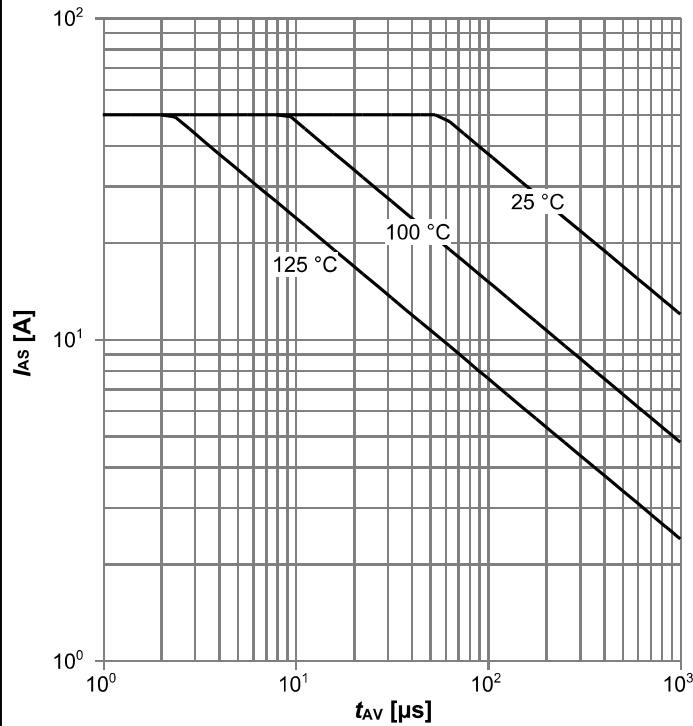
$C=f(V_{DS})$; $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$; $f=1\text{ MHz}$

Diagram 12: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



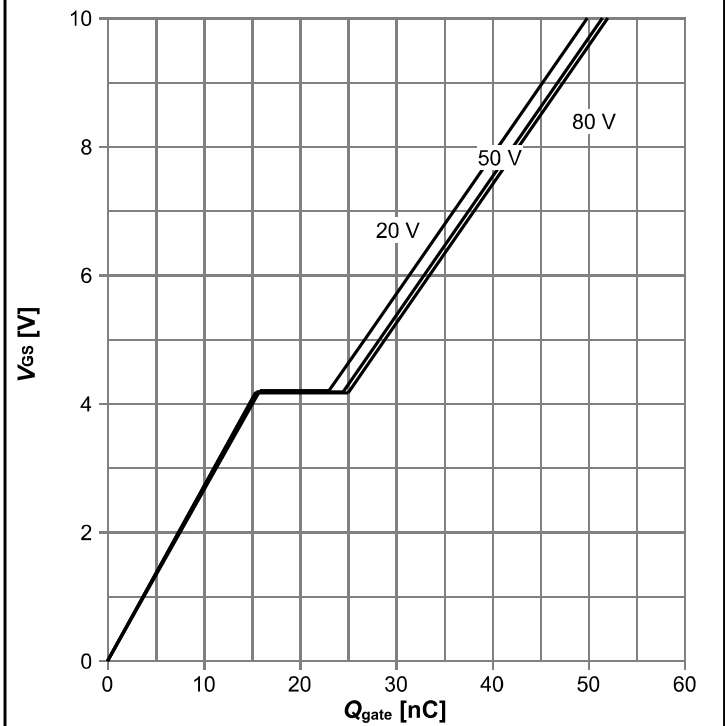
$I_F=f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 13: Avalanche characteristics



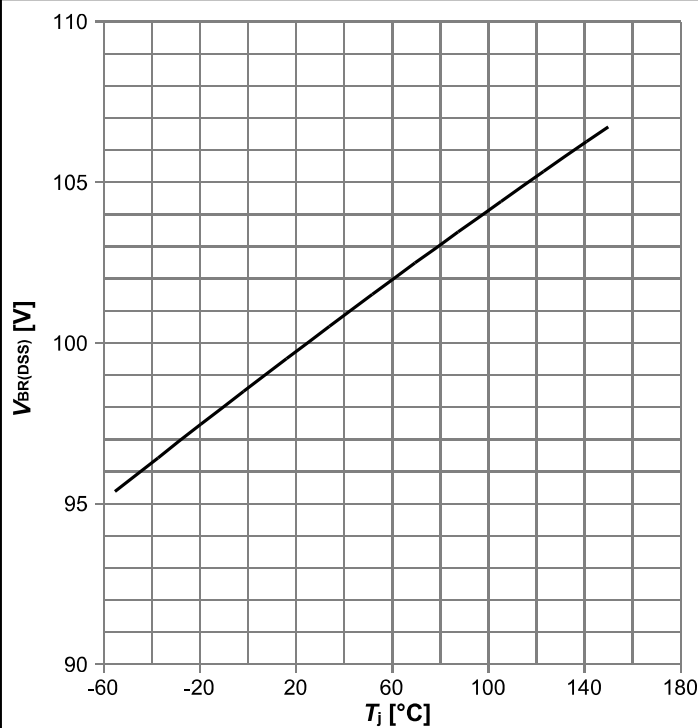
$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25 \Omega$; parameter: $T_{j(start)}$

Diagram 14: Typ. gate charge



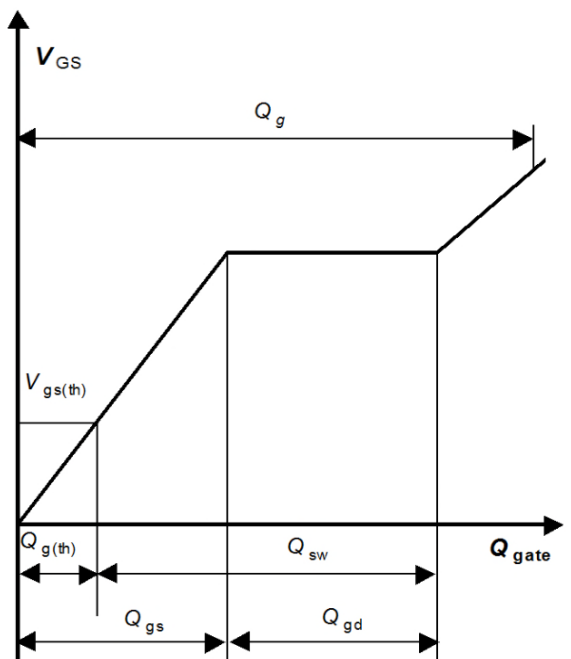
$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=25 \text{ A pulsed}$; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 15: Drain-source breakdown voltage

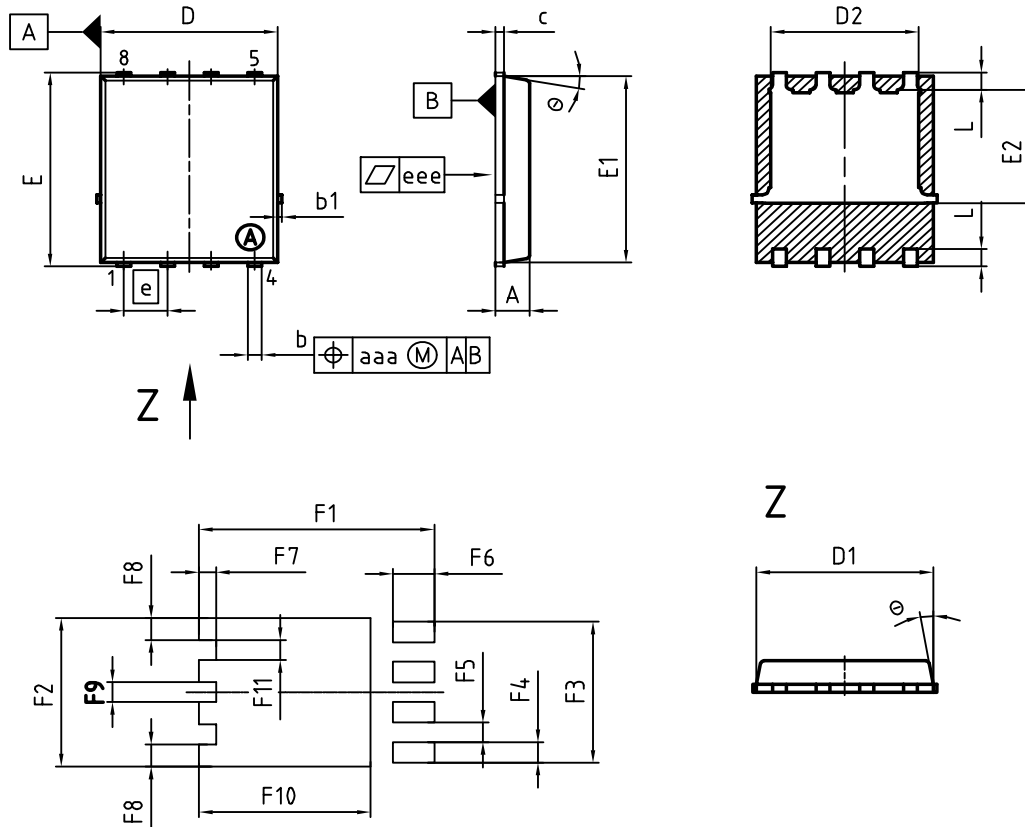


$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1 \text{ mA}$

Diagram Gate charge waveforms



5 Package Outlines



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043
b	0.34	0.54	0.013	0.021
b1	0.02	0.22	0.001	0.008
c	0.15	0.35	0.006	0.014
D=D1	4.95	5.35	0.195	0.211
D2	4.20	4.40	0.165	0.173
E	5.95	6.35	0.234	0.250
E1	5.70	6.10	0.224	0.240
E2	3.40	3.80	0.134	0.150
e	1.27		0.050	
N	8		8	
L	0.45	0.65	0.018	0.026
theta	8.5°	11.5°	8.5°	11.5°
aaa	0.25		0.010	
eee	0.05		0.002	
F1	6.75	6.95	0.266	0.274
F2	4.60	4.80	0.181	0.189
F3	4.36	4.56	0.172	0.180
F4	0.55	0.75	0.022	0.030
F5	0.52	0.72	0.020	0.028
F6	1.10	1.30	0.043	0.051
F7	0.40	0.60	0.016	0.024
F8	0.60	0.80	0.024	0.031
F9	0.53	0.73	0.021	0.029
F10	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
F11	0.53	0.73	0.021	0.029

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00003332
SCALE
EUROPEAN PROJECTION
ISSUE DATE 08-03-2007
REVISION 03

Figure 1 Outline PG-TDSON-8, dimensions in mm/inches

Revision History

BSC060N10NS3 G

Revision: 2021-04-20, Rev. 2.5

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.5	2021-04-20	Update current rating and footnotes

Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

erratum@infineon.com

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany
© 2020 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenhheitsgarantie").

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.