

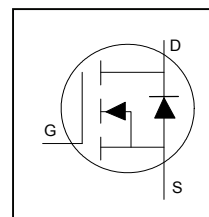
MOSFET StrongIRFET™

Applications

- UPS and Inverter applications
- Half-bridge and full-bridge topologies
- Resonant mode power supplies
- DC/DC and AC/DC converters
- OR-ing and redundant power switches
- Brushed and BLDC Motor drive applications
- Battery powered circuits

Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dv/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dv/dt and di/dt Capability
- Pb-Free ; RoHS Compliant ; Halogen-Free



V_{DSS}	250V
R_{DS(on)} typ.	18mΩ
	22mΩ
I_D	69A



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source



Halogen-Free



RoHS

Base part number	Package Type	Standard Pack		Orderable Part Number
		Form	Quantity	
IRF250P225	TO-247AC	Tube	25	IRF250P225

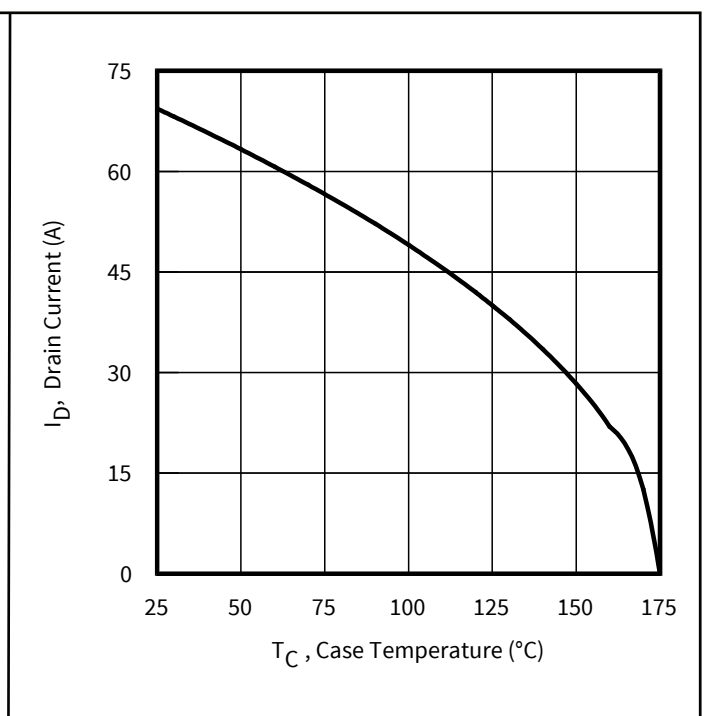
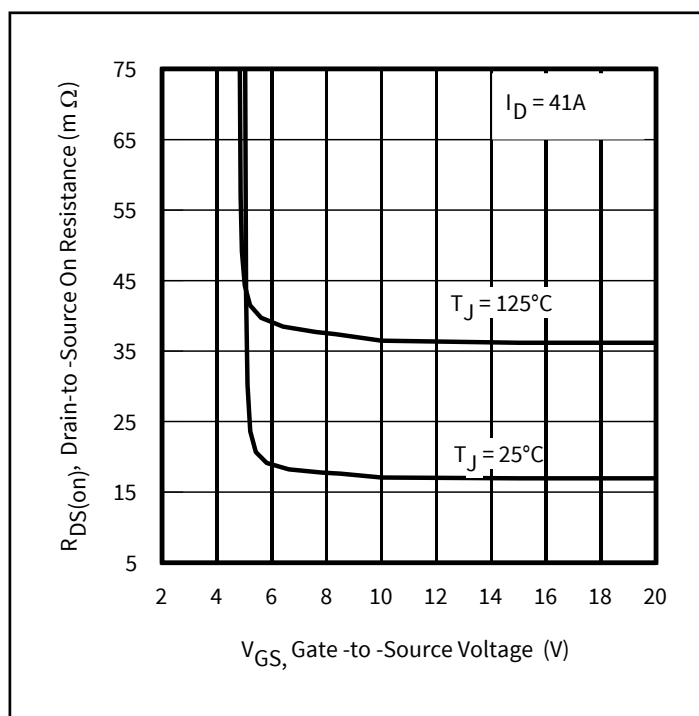


Figure 1 Typical On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

Figure 2 Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

Table of Contents

Applications1

Benefits1

Ordering Table1

Table of Contents2

1 Parameters3

2 Maximum ratings, Thermal, and Avalanche characteristics4

3 Electrical characteristics5

4 Electrical characteristic diagrams6

Package Information14

Qualification Information15

Revision History16

1 Parameters

Table1 Key performance parameters

Parameter	Values	Units
V_{DS}	250	V
$R_{DS(on) \max}$	22	$m\Omega$
I_D	69	A

2 Maximum ratings and thermal characteristics

Table 2 Maximum ratings (at $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	69	A
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GS} @ 10\text{V}$	49	
Pulsed Drain Current ①	I_{DM}	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	276	
Maximum Power Dissipation	P_D	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	313	W
Linear Derating Factor		$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.1	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Gate-to-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	-	± 20	V
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J T_{STG}	-	-55 to +175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case)	-	-	300	
Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	-	-	10 lbf·in (1.1 N·m)	

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Junction-to-Case ⑦	$R_{\theta JC}$	T_J approximately 90°C	-	-	0.48	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	-	0.24	-	
Junction-to-Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	-	-	-	40	

Table 4 Avalanche characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	444	mJ
Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ⑧	E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	489	
Avalanche Current ①	I_{AR}	See Fig 16, 17, 23a, 23b	A
Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	E_{AR}		mJ

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Limited by T_{Jmax} , starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.52\text{mH}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 41\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$.
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 41\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 926\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(BR)DSS}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ⑤ C_{oss} eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑥ C_{oss} eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
- ⑦ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .
- ⑧ Limited by T_{Jmax} , starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 1\text{mH}$, $R_G = 50\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 31\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$.

3 Electrical characteristics

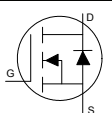
Table 5 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1mA$	250	-	-	V
Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Reference to 25°C, $I_D = 2.5mA$ ①	-	0.17	-	V/°C
Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 41A$	-	18	22	mΩ
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 270\mu A$	2.0	-	4.0	V
Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS} = 200V, V_{GS} = 0V$	-	-	1.0	μA
		$V_{DS} = 200V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ C$	-	-	100	
Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS} = 20V$	-	-	100	nA
Gate Resistance	R_G		-	2.7	-	Ω

Table 6 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Forward Trans conductance	gfs	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 41A$	72	-	-	S
Total Gate Charge	Q_g	$I_D = 41A$ $V_{DS} = 125V$ $V_{GS} = 10V$	-	64	96	nC
Gate-to-Source Charge	Q_{gs}		-	24	-	
Gate-to-Drain Charge	Q_{gd}		-	12	-	
Total Gate Charge Sync. ($Q_g - Q_{gd}$)	Q_{sync}		-	52	-	
Turn-On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD} = 163V$	-	17	-	ns
Rise Time	t_r	$I_D = 41A$	-	54	-	
Turn-Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$	$R_G = 2.7\Omega$	-	52	-	
Fall Time	t_f	$V_{GS} = 10V$	-	36	-	
Input Capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS} = 0V$	-	4897	-	pF
Output Capacitance	C_{oss}	$V_{DS} = 50V$	-	505	-	
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	C_{rss}	$f = 1.0MHz$, See Fig.7	-	6.1	-	
Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)	$C_{oss\ eff.(ER)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to 200V ⑥	-	372	-	
Output Capacitance (Time Related)	$C_{oss\ eff.(TR)}$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V$ to 200V ⑤	-	607	-	

Table 7 Reverse Diode

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	I_S	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 	-	-	69	A
Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	I_{SM}		-	-	276	
Diode Forward Voltage	V_{SD}	$T_J = 25^\circ C, I_S = 41A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ④	-	-	1.2	V
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	dv/dt	$T_J = 175^\circ C, I_S = 41A, V_{DS} = 250V$	-	25	-	V/ns
Reverse Recovery Time	t_{rr}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ $V_{DD} = 213V$	-	113	-	ns
		$T_J = 125^\circ C$ $I_F = 41A$,	-	155	-	
Reverse Recovery Charge	Q_{rr}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$ $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ④	-	427	-	nC
		$T_J = 125^\circ C$	-	878	-	
Reverse Recovery Current	I_{RRM}	$T_J = 25^\circ C$	-	5.7	-	A

4 Electrical characteristic diagrams

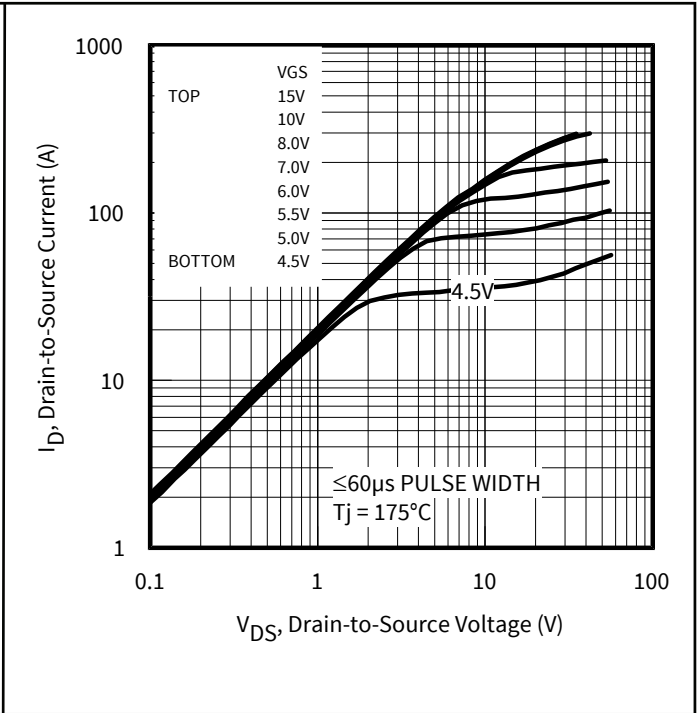
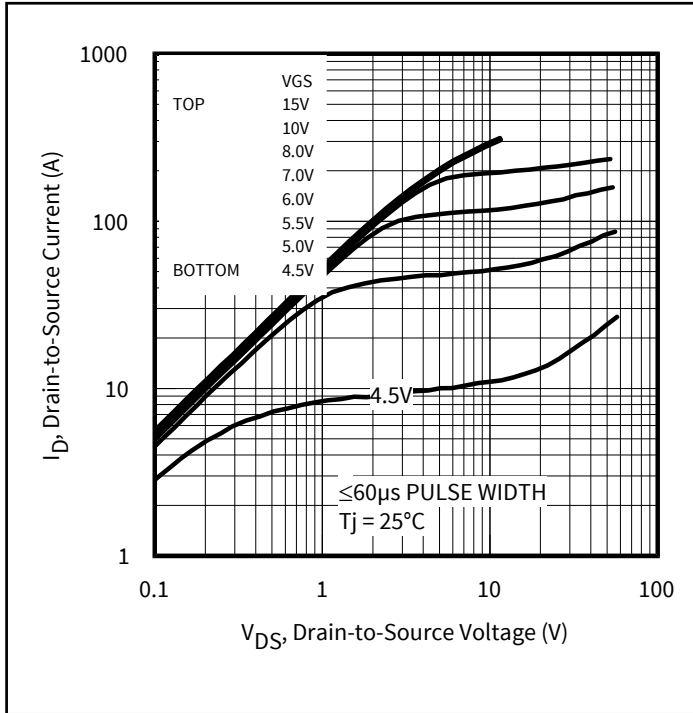


Figure 3 Typical Output Characteristics

Figure 4 Typical Output Characteristics

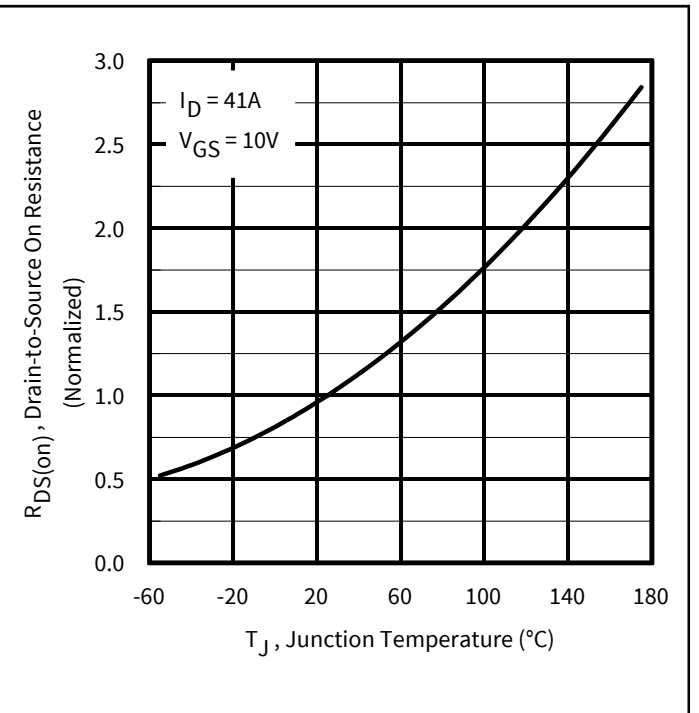
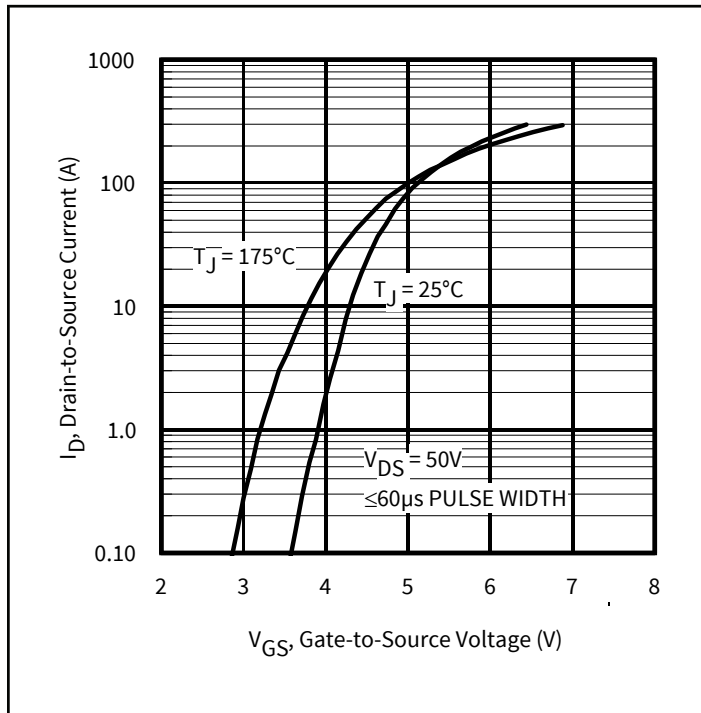


Figure 5 Typical Transfer Characteristics

Figure 6 Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

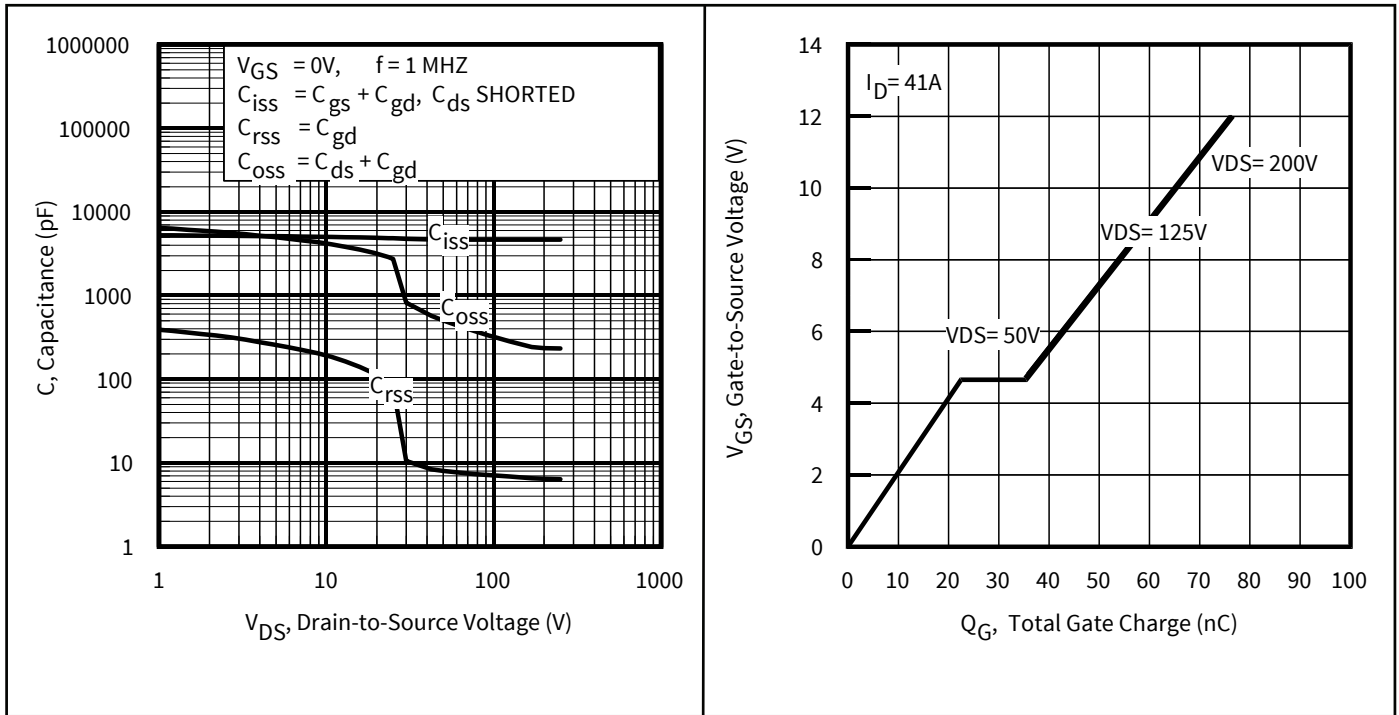


Figure 7 Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

Figure 8 Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

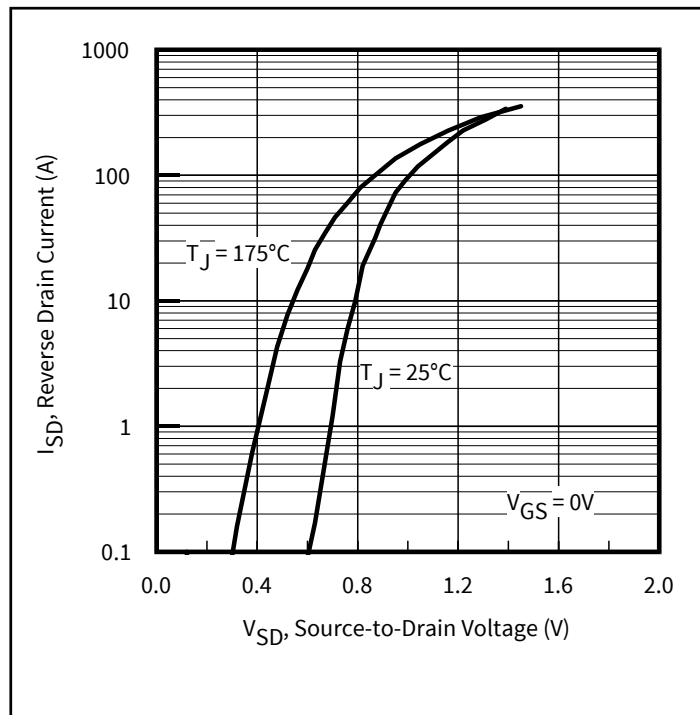


Figure 9 Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

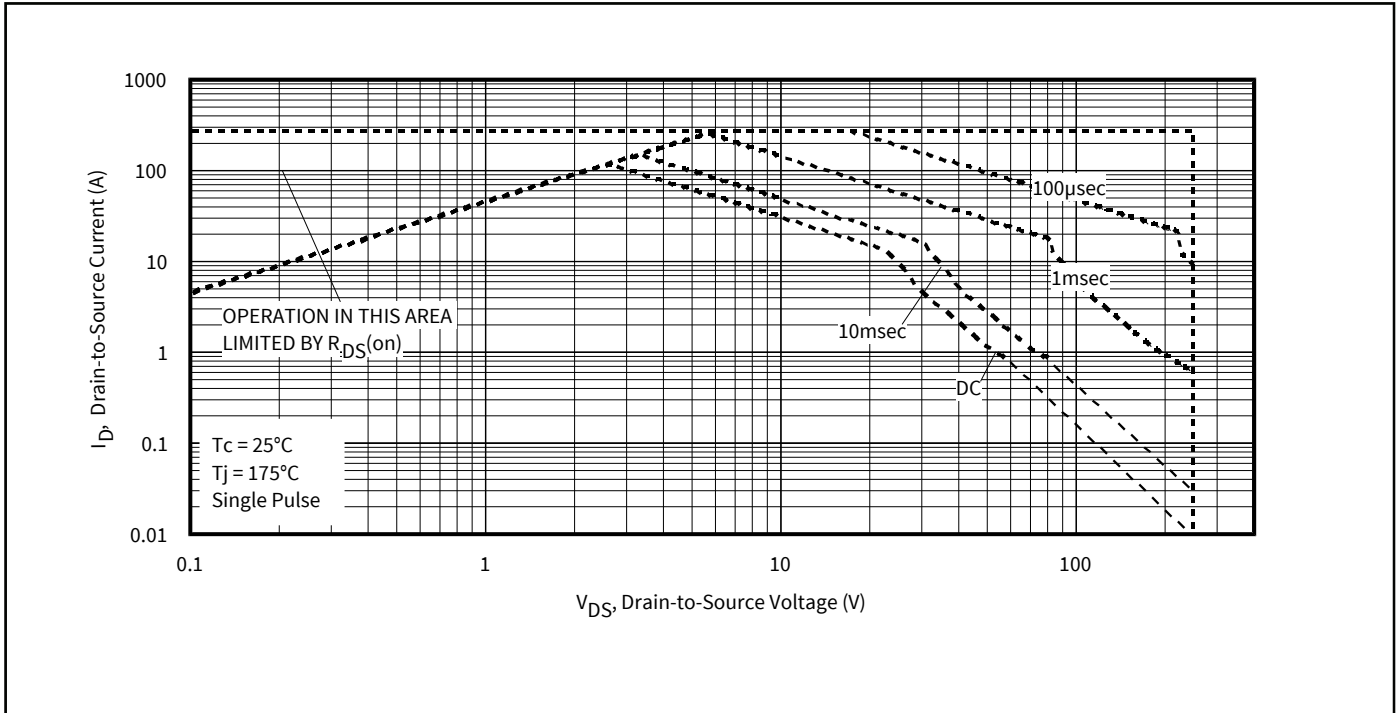


Figure 10 Maximum Safe Operating Area

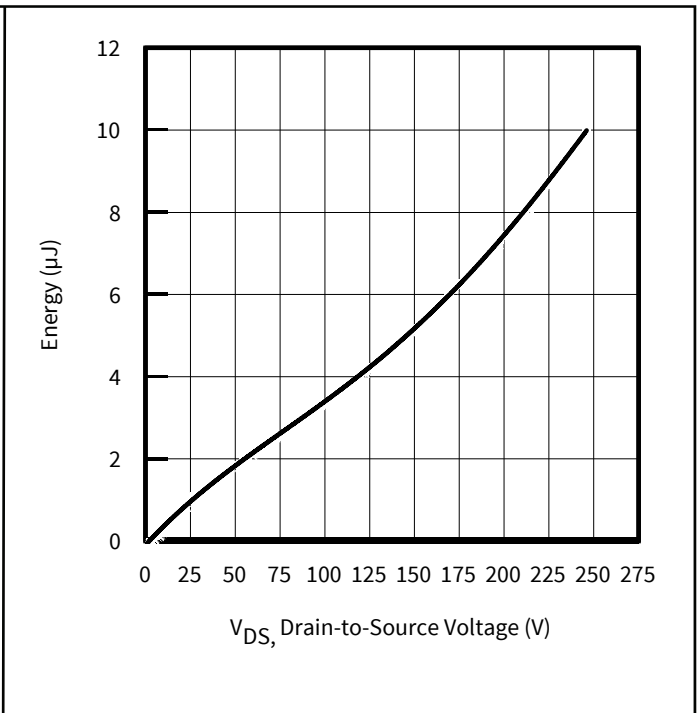
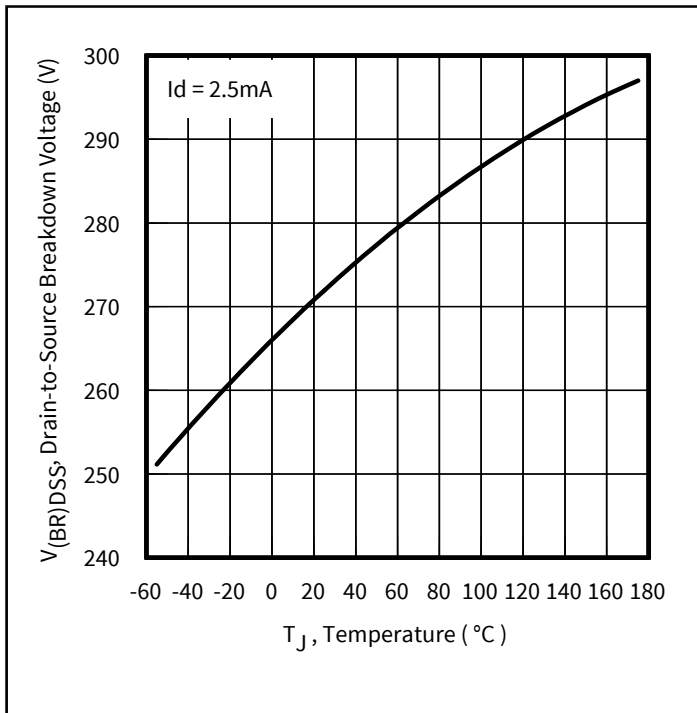


Figure 11 Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

Figure 12 Typical Coss Stored Energy

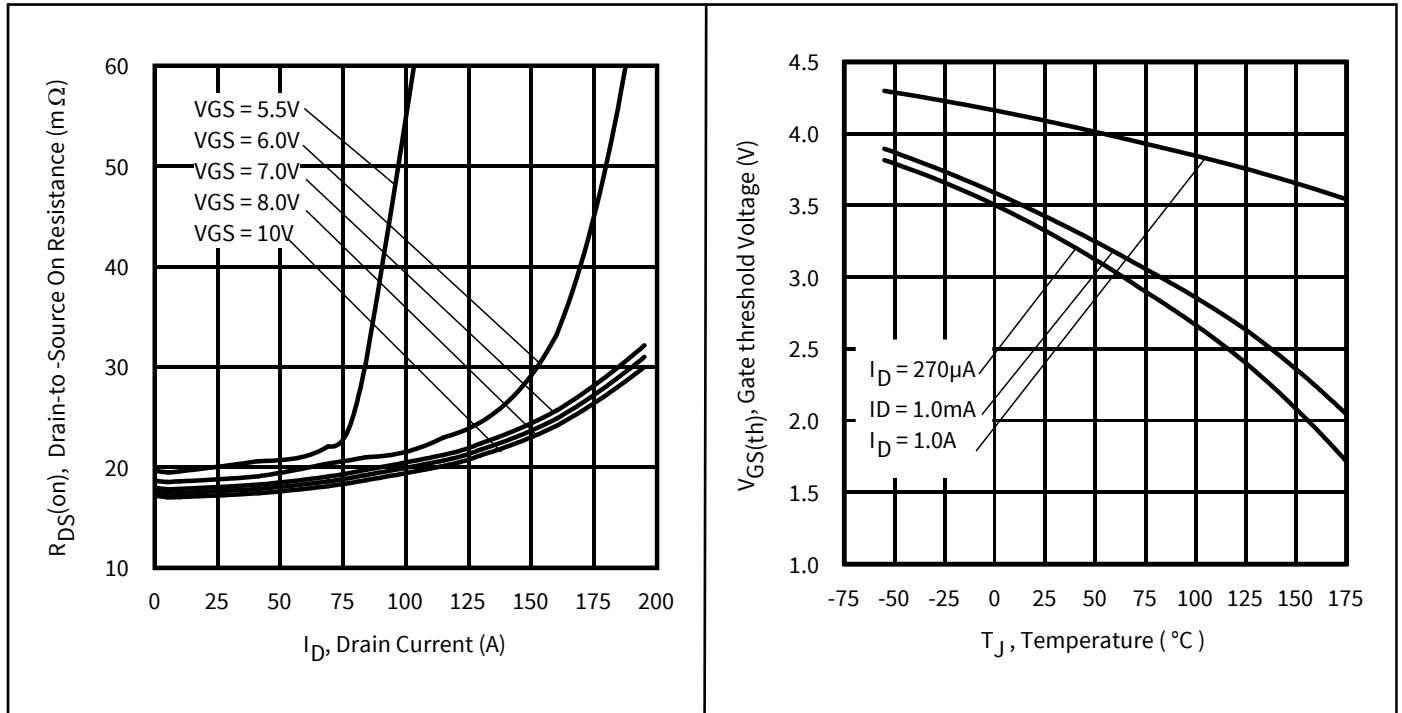


Figure 13 Typical On-Resistance vs. Drain Current

Figure 14 Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

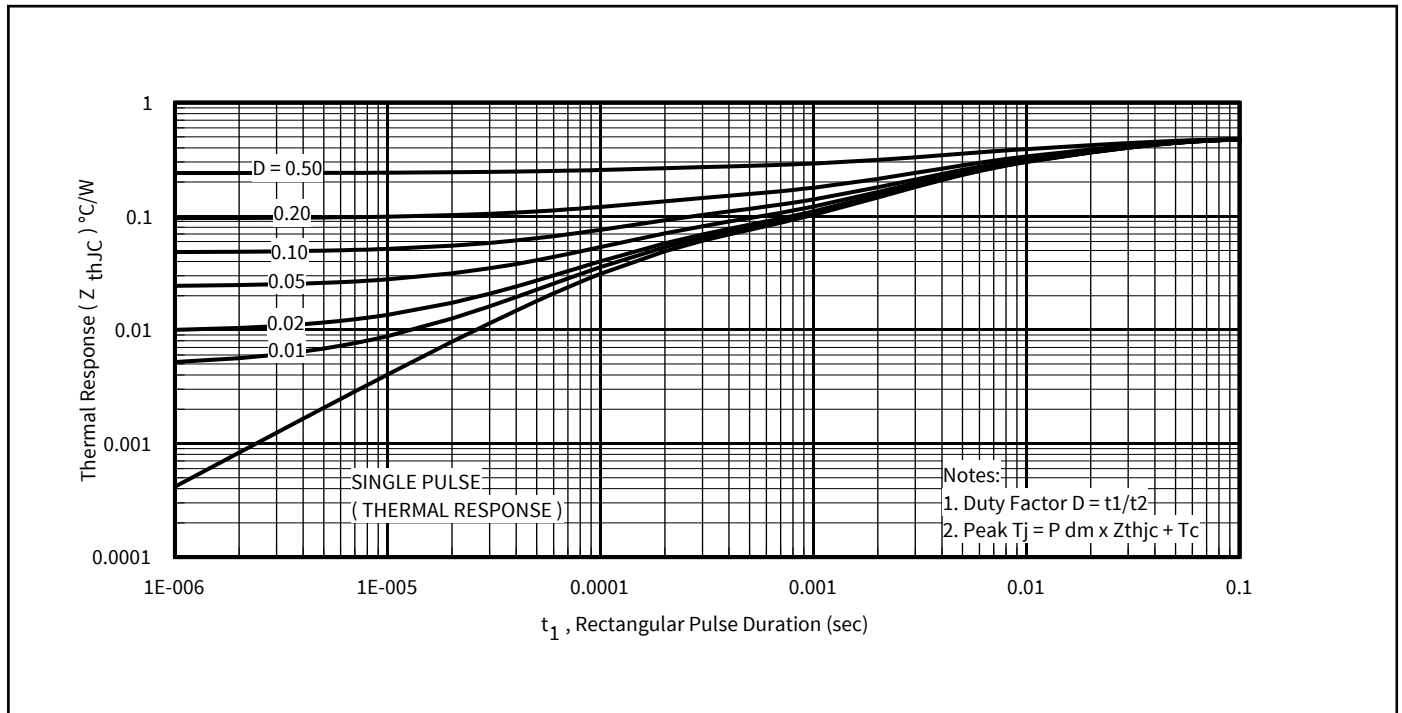


Figure 15 Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

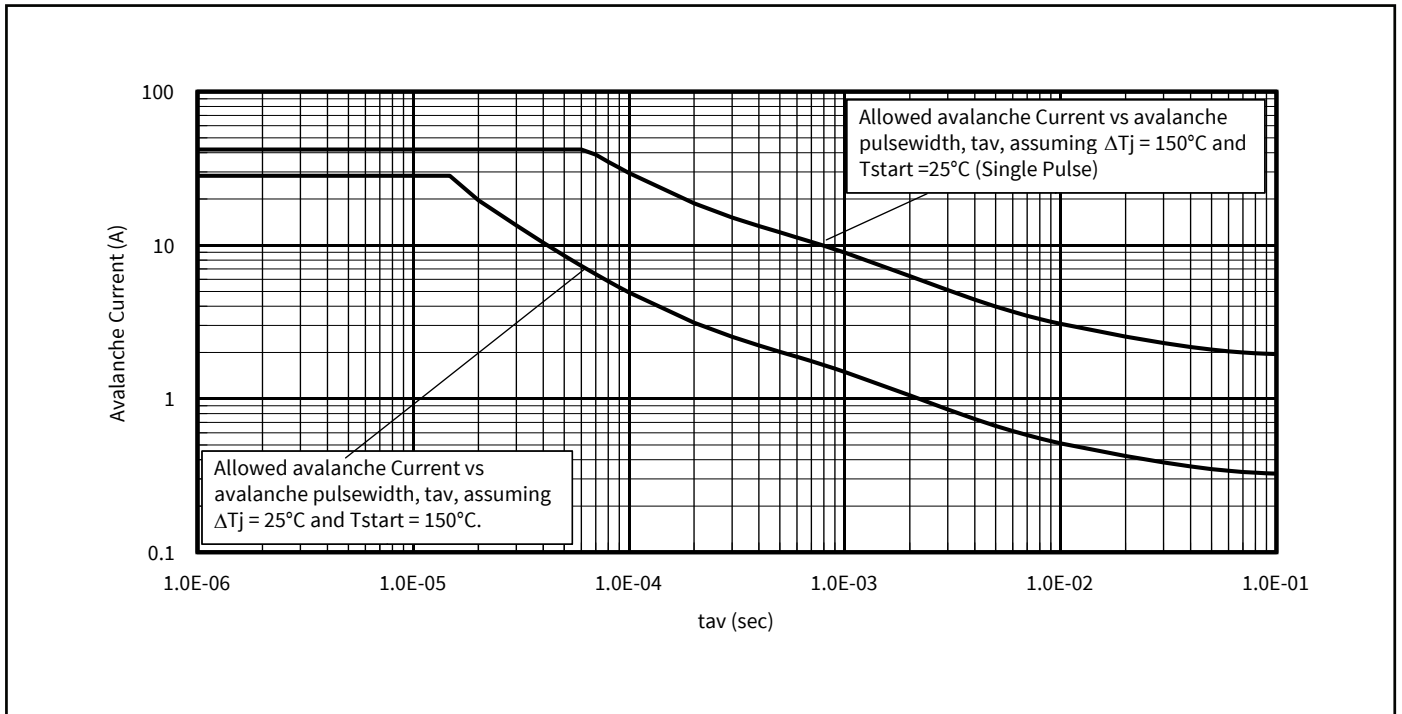
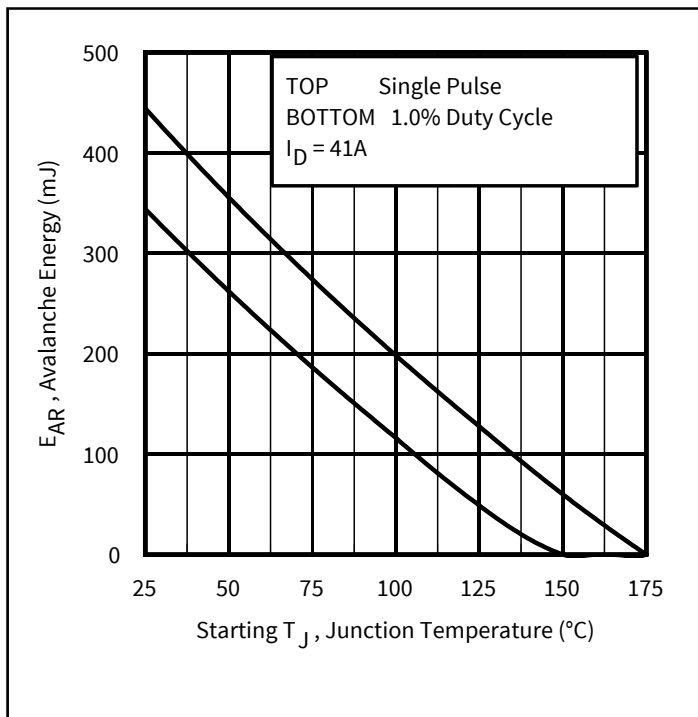


Figure 16 Avalanche Current vs. Pulse Width



Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 16, 17:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.infineon.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 23a, 23b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 15, 16).

t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$

$Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 14)

$$PD(ave) = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

Figure 17 Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

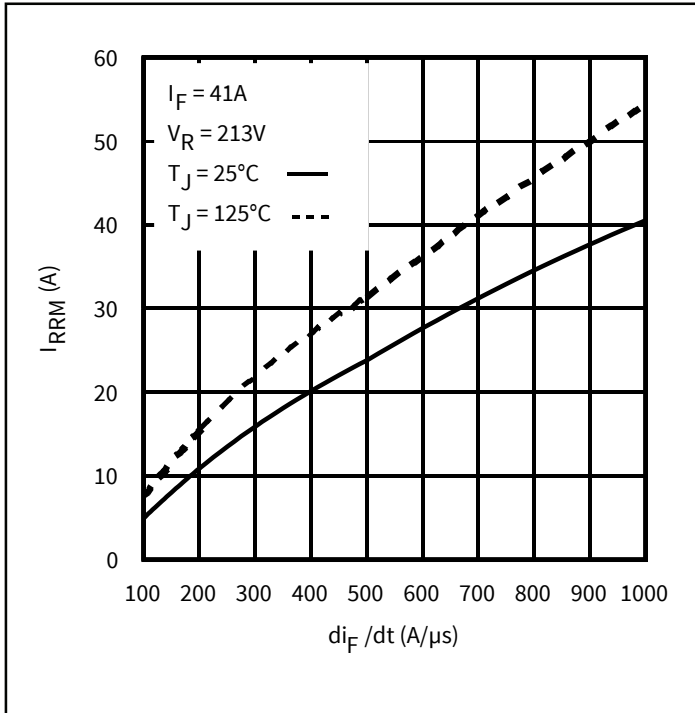


Figure 18 Typical Recovery Current vs. di/dt

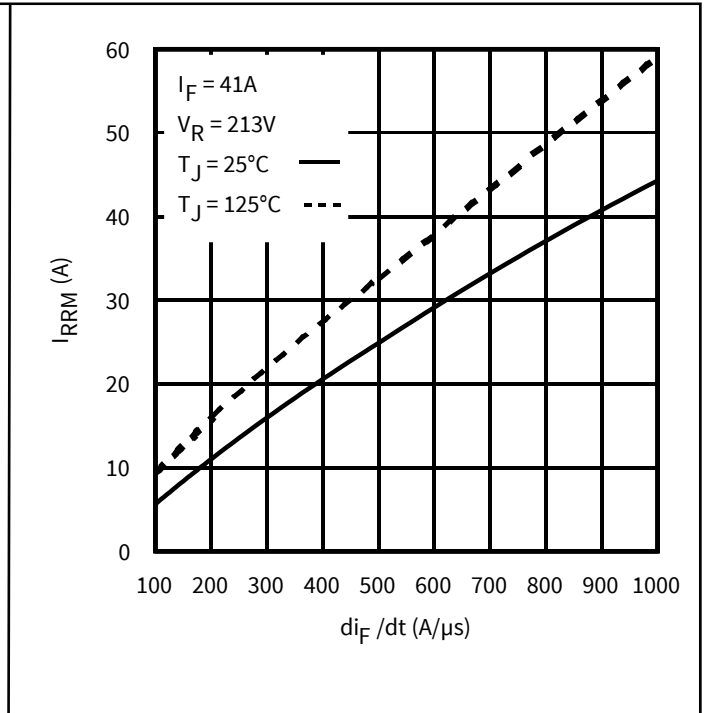


Figure 19 Typical Recovery Current vs. di/dt

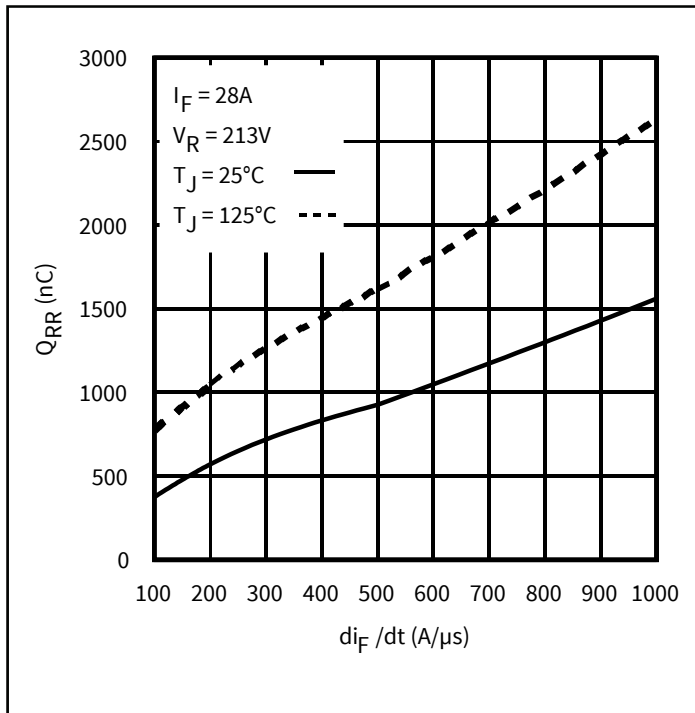


Figure 20 Typical Stored Charge vs. di/dt

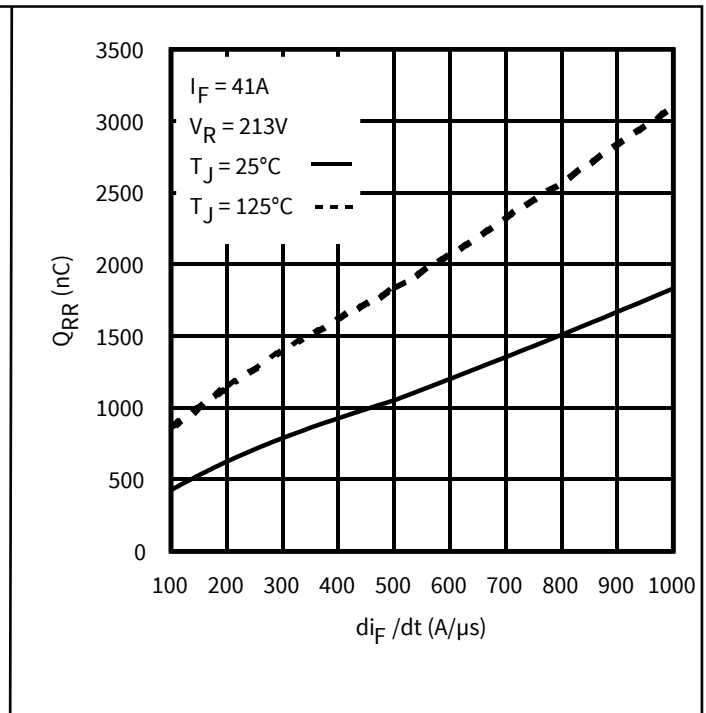


Figure 21 Typical Stored Charge vs. di/dt

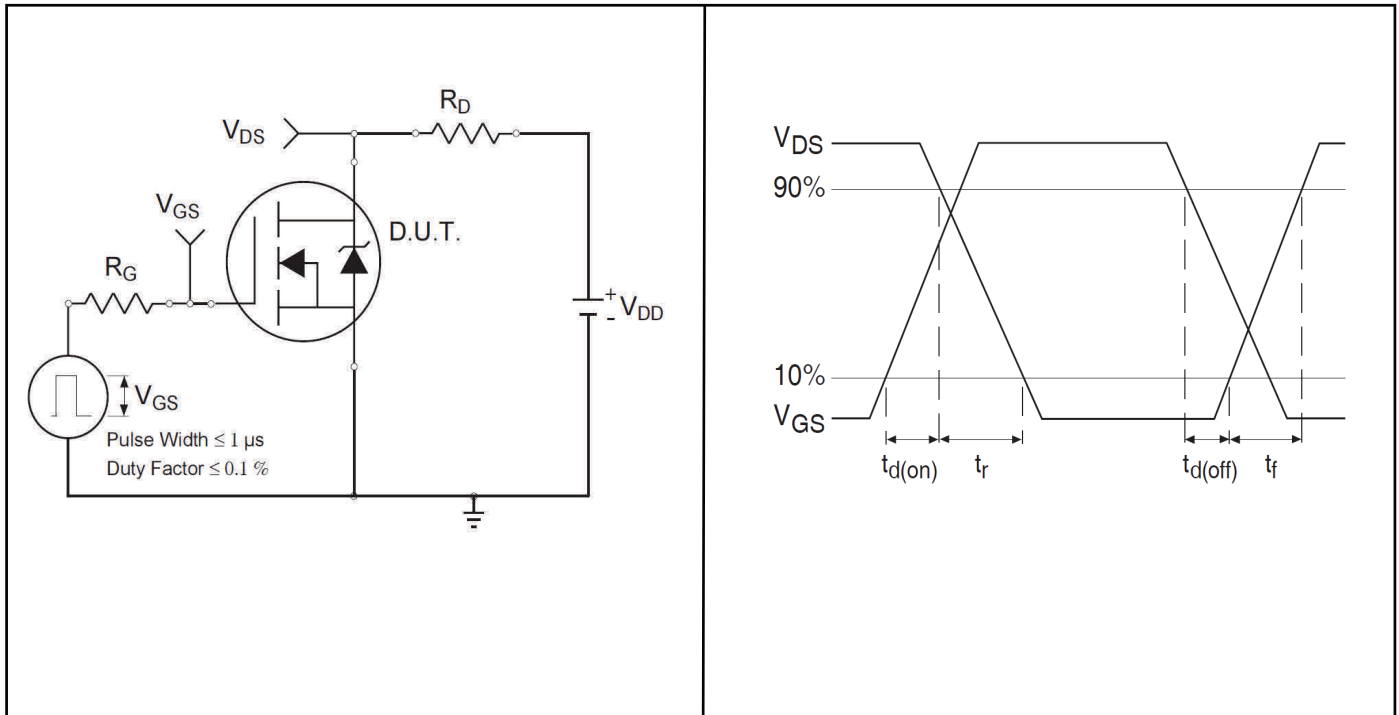


Figure 24a Switching Time Test Circuit

Figure 24b Switching Time Waveforms

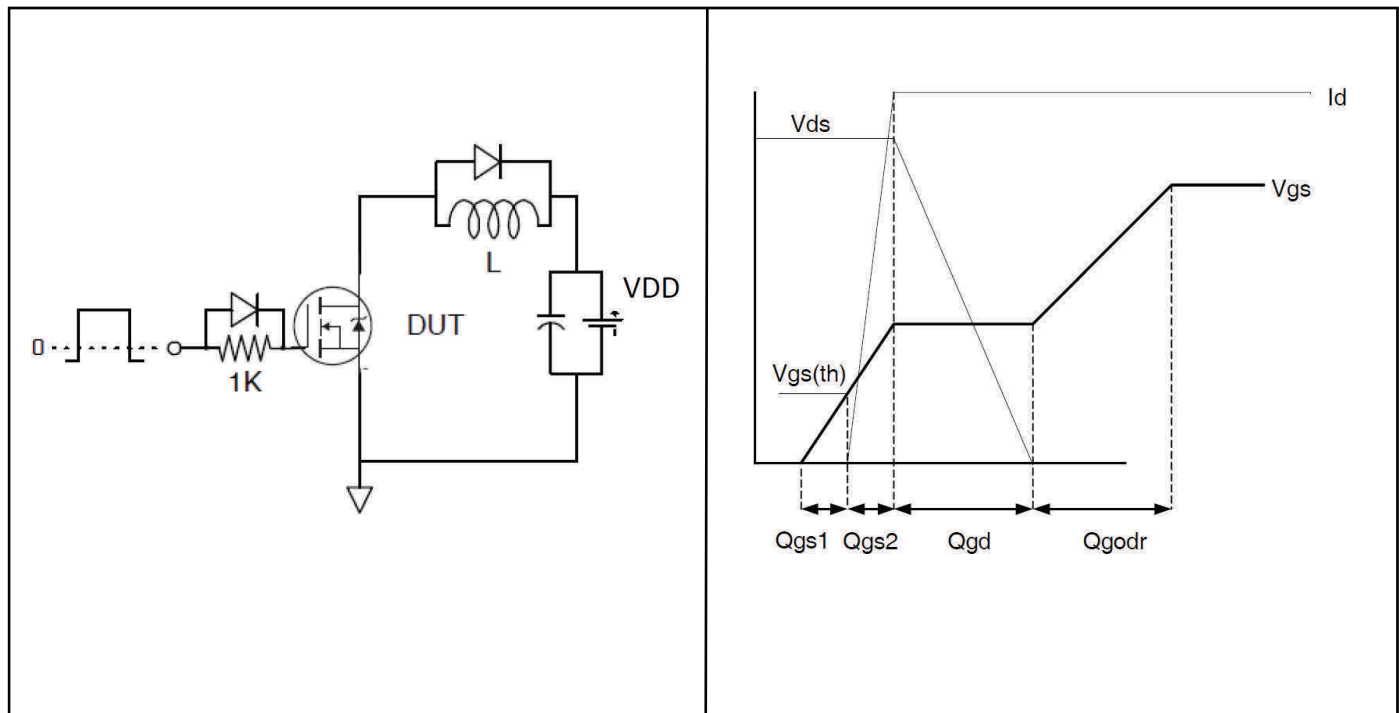


Figure 25a Gate Charge Test Circuit

Figure 25b Gate Charge Waveform

6 Qualification Information

Qualification Information

Qualification Level	Industrial (per JEDEC JESD47F) †	
Moisture Sensitivity Level	TO-247AC	N/A
RoHS Compliant	Yes	

† Applicable version of JEDEC standard at the time of product release.

Revision History**Major changes since the last revision**

Page or Reference	Revision	Date	Description of changes
All pages	2.0	2017-03-16	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• First release data sheet.
All pages	2.1	2020-01-07	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Update from “IR MOSFT/StrongIRFET™” to “StrongIRFET™” -all pages• Update Package picture –page1

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Document reference